

Brief To:

National Defense Industrial Association Systems Engineering Conference

'Real' T&E and the 'Virtual' Missile Range

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Theme

Early, Sequential, Systems T&E, Allowed the 'Virtual' Missile Range To Become a 'Reality.'

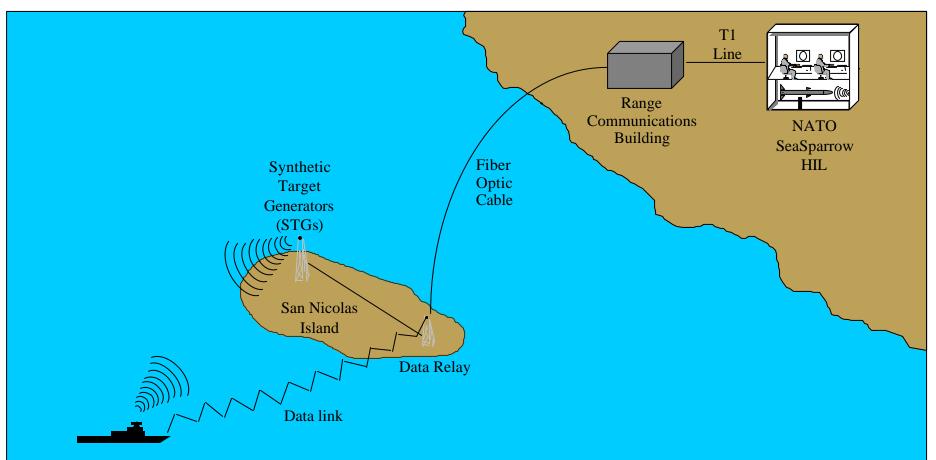


Outline

- VMR Vision
- Early T&E Components & Opportunities
- Sequential T&E
- Systems T&E
- Operational Implementation & Results
- Next Steps



Vision & Operational End-State



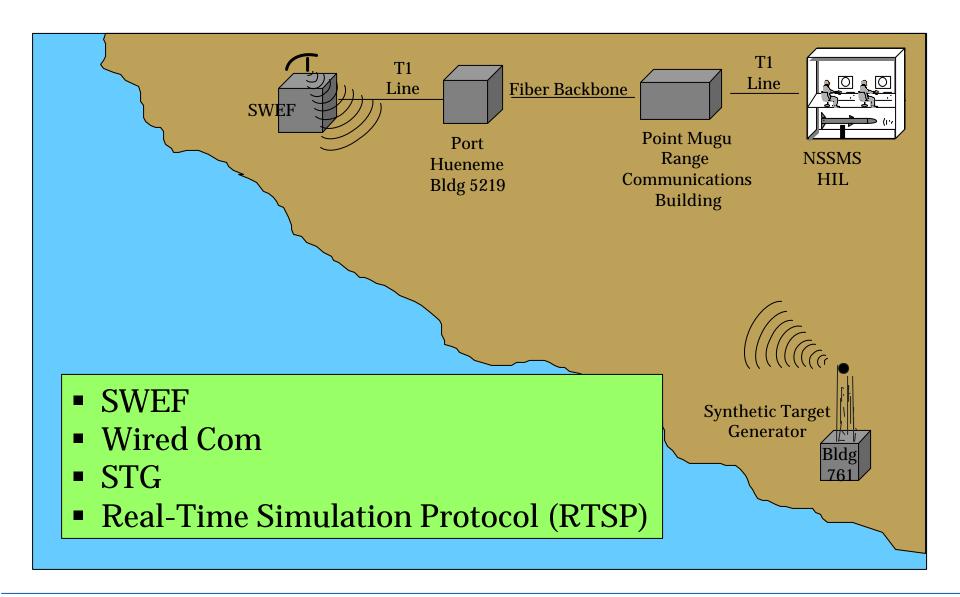
Ship operating on the NAWCWD range:

- STGs stimulate the operational ship's MK-23 Radar and MK-95 Fire-Control Systems, presenting an incoming synthetic threat
- Ship initiates it's Missile Launch sequence (weapon is also simulated)
- Engagement is played out in the shore-based Hardware-In-the-Loop (HIL) simulation
- Engagement results are fed back to the ship

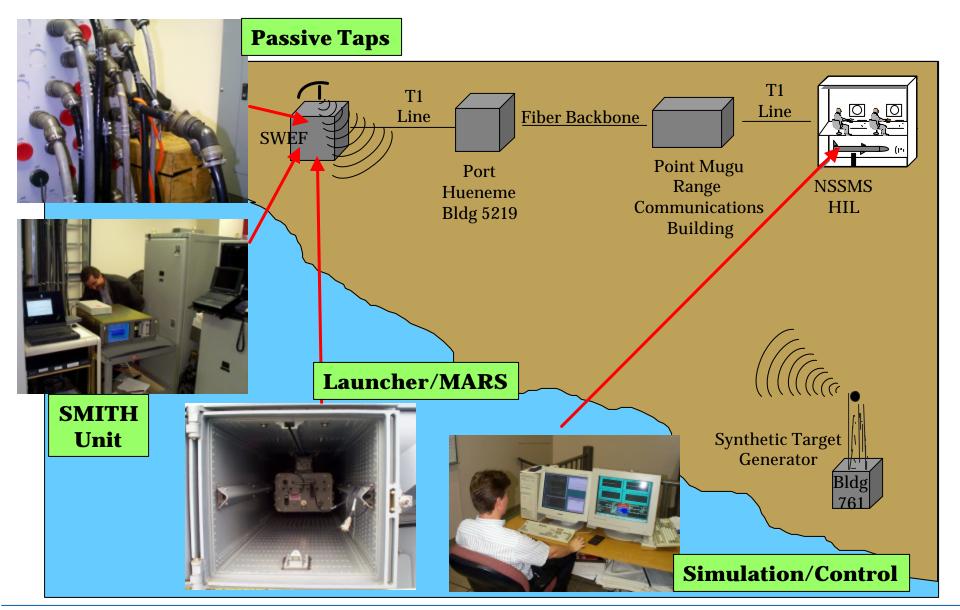
Surface Warfare Engineering Facility

Target Acquisition System (MK-23) NATO Sea Sparrow Fire Control Radar (MK-95) **NATO SeaSparrow Missile Launcher**

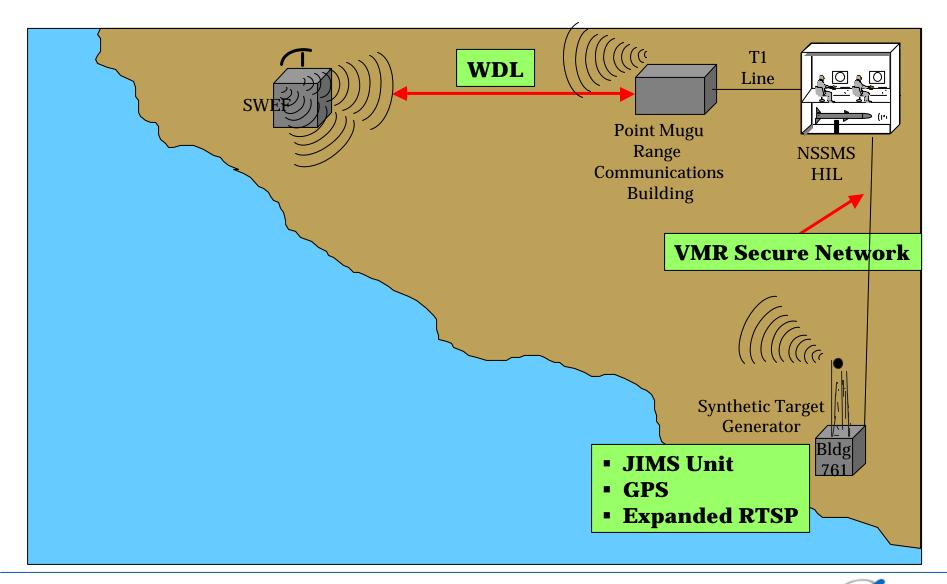
Land-Based T&E, Phase 1



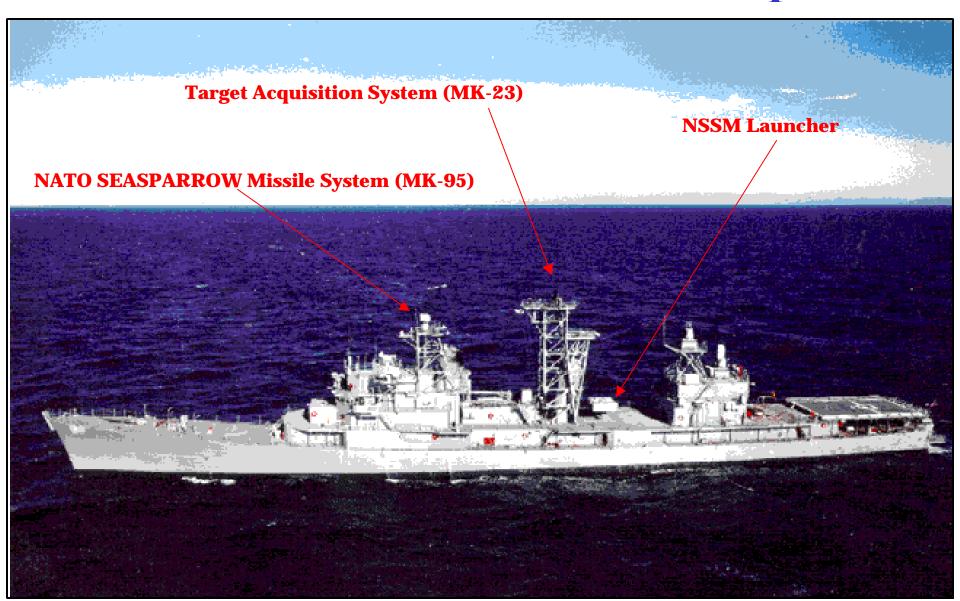
Land-Based T&E, Phase 2



Land-Based T&E, Phase 3



Self Defense Test Ship





Ship Installs

Data Acquisition

- Synthetic Missile Interface Terminal H/W (SMITH) Unit
 - o Pre-Launch Signals
- Break-Out Cables & Extensions
- GPS Antenna

Wireless Data Link

- Base Station, Antenna, Crypto
- 2.4 GHz From Ship To Island



• Simulates RIM-7P Missile Within Launcher



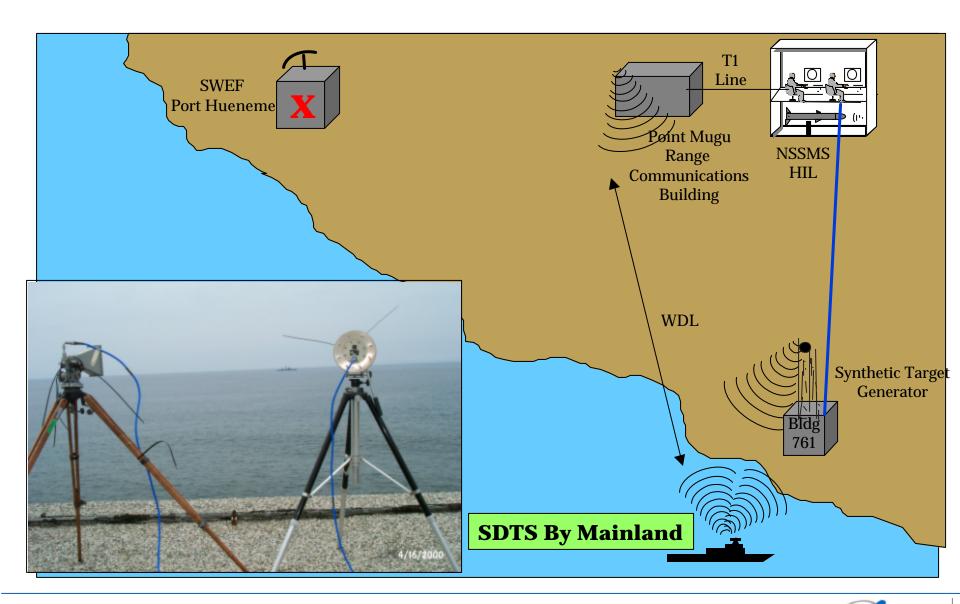




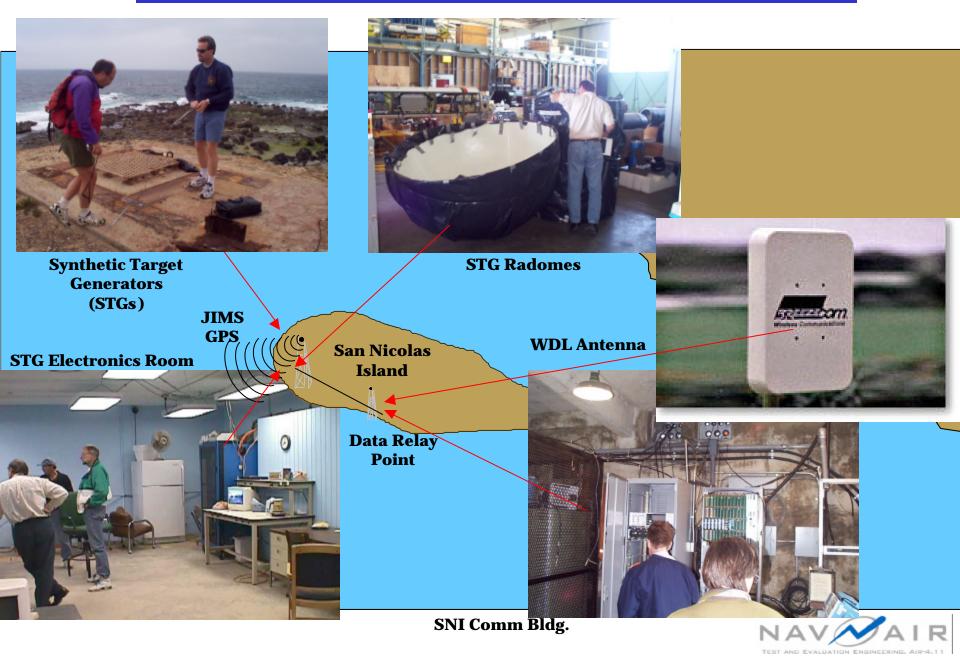




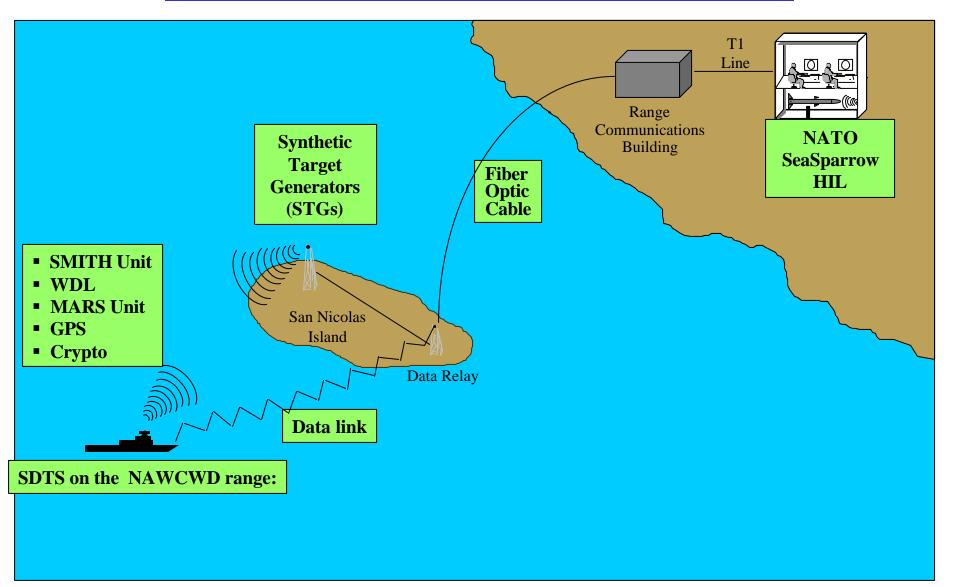
Sea-Based T&E, Phase 1



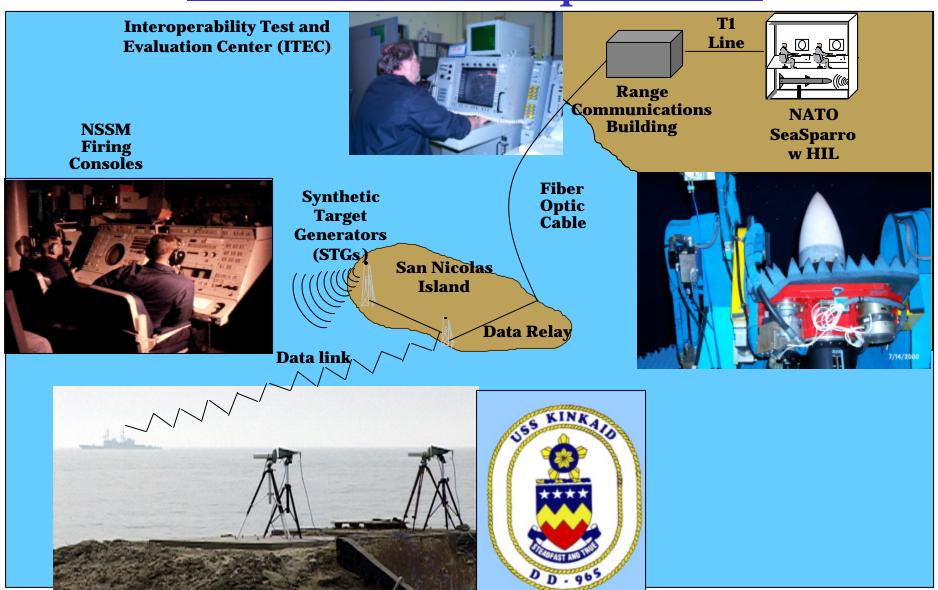
Moved to San Nicolas Island



Sea-Based T&E, Phase 2



USS Kinkaid Operation



Results

12 Sept '00

- 49 Incoming Threats Presented
- 6 Different Start Ranges, Speeds, RCSs
- 3 Firing Crews Cycled Through Consoles

13 Sept '00

- 37 Incoming Threats Presented
- 5 Different Start Ranges, Speeds, RCSs
- 6 Launches / 4 Kills



Summary

- Early, Sequential, Systems T&E Accomplished
- Initial Attempt in Operational Conditions was Successful
- VMR:
 - Increases Use of Modeling & Simulation
 - Integrates T&E and Training
 - Lowers T&E and Training Costs



Next Steps

Electronic CounterMeasures

- Generic Jamming (Now Operational)
- Threat Replica Jamming

Additional Threat Presentations

- Multi Axis
- Stream Raid
- Maneuvering

Additional Platforms

- CV, AO
- AEGIS (Operational FY-04)

Additional Missiles

• VL NSSM, ESSM, SM



Back-Up Slides



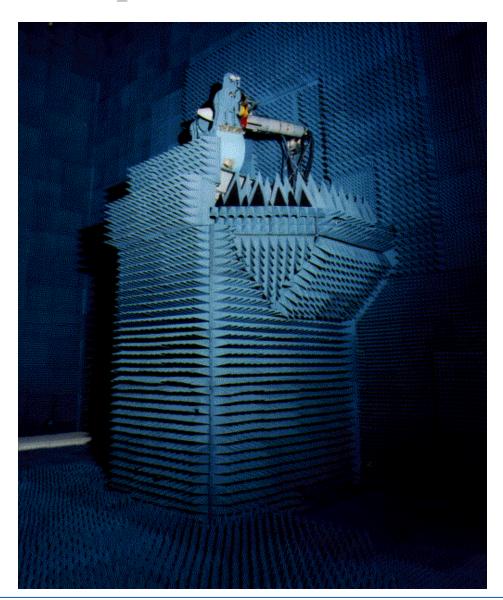
Hardware-In-the-Loop (HIL) Lab(s)

Major Components

- Missile guidance system on a 3-axis motion table
- Anechoic chamber with target array
- High performance, real-time computer system

RF Signals Simulate:

- Target skin returns
- Sea clutter
- Sea image
- Electronic Countermeasures





Threat Simulation

Tri-Service Lead

• This lead includes all EA and radar signal simulators used in targets

Goal

• Develop, deploy, and support EW threat simulation equipment that provides realistic threat radar signals and threat electronic attack (EA) signals.





Operational Costs

1 Event = About 2.5 hours (Estimated 25-shots)

Event Cost: About 10% of a 1-shot Event

Per Shot Cost: About 1% of a 1-shot Event

(Based on a 25-shot Event)



Realm Of The VMR







Detect

Assess & Designate

Engage

Missile Flyout

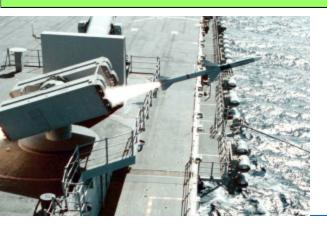
- External Target Gen
- TAS
- NSSMS Fire Control

Other Training Systems

- 6DOF/HIL Simulation
- STG Dispersion
- End Game/Lethality

VMR

Live Fire Test



- Sticky Accelerator
- Fuse Activation
- Propulsion
- Many Other Electro/ Mechanical Entities



